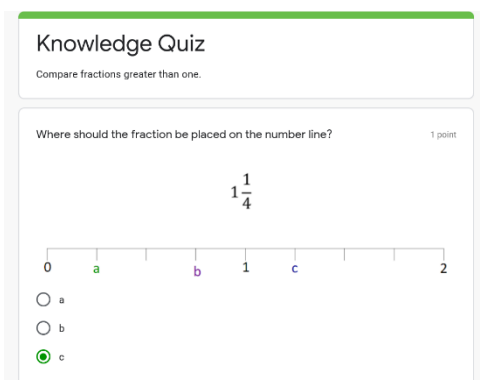
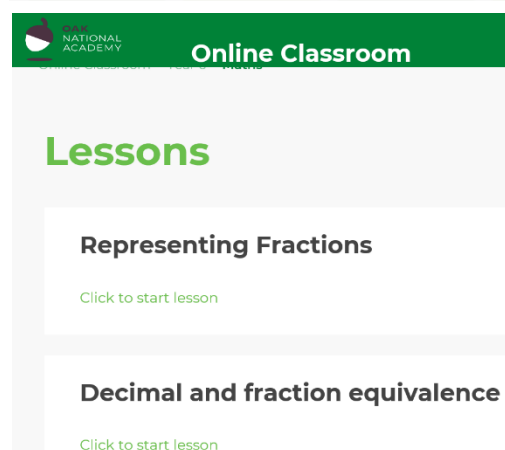
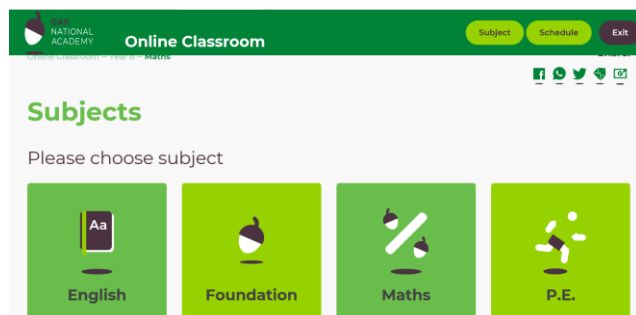
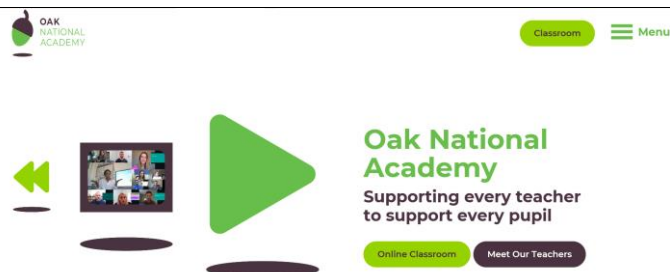


RE	<p>We have a school mission statement that we usually look at together at this time of year. Can you write your own mission statement for your family or for your own life both for now and in the future?</p> <p>What are the most important things that make it special? prayers and create your own prayer corner somewhere in prayers could include prayers for those who are sick, for and carers, or any of your own intentions.</p> <p>Illustrate and prayer and make it beautiful so that it can corner.</p> <p>Luke 6 v 39-45. Can you explain what Jesus meant when he said <i>"You can tell what a tree is like by it's fruit. A good tree cannot produce bad fruit, a bad tree cannot produce good fruit."</i> Design a poster that explains what good fruits look like in our life, you could split you poster and have half for good fruits and half for bad fruits (Good fruits like Love, Joy Peace, Patience, Kindness and Goodness. Bad fruit like meanness and hatred)</p>
PE	<p>PE with Joe. This is a 30minute work out with Joe every day from live workout all the workouts are on YouTube for you to catch up ready. Try and complete this everyday as well as going outside once</p> <p>Take a spare toilet roll and see how many keepy uppies you can do. online examples. In the Lambie house our record is 17... your beat that.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - How many keep yuppies can you do in 30 seconds? -Can you walk up the stairs keeping a toilet roll balanced on -Can you sit on the floor and stand back up keeping your toilet roll on your head? How many times can you do this? -How long can you stand on one leg balancing a toilet roll on the other foot? -hold a toilet roll in each hand and practice your biceps curls
MATHS	<p>https://www.thenational.academy/</p> <p>For your maths lessons in this pack we are going to use the National Academy materials use the link to find the page.</p> <p>Click Classroom</p> <p>Then Subject and click on maths And select Year 6</p> <p>The first set of lessons are about Fractions, the first thing to do is a quick quiz, complete the work in the first lesson, do one each day. If you are stuck you can rewind and spend as much or as little time as you need. .</p> <p>If it gets too tricky then you, you can go back to the previous year and find the work on translation, or if you want to practice some of your other maths skills</p> <p>Y3part whole fractions Y4 Area and perimeter Y5 Translation Year 6 fractions and decimals Y7expression , factorization, brackets</p>



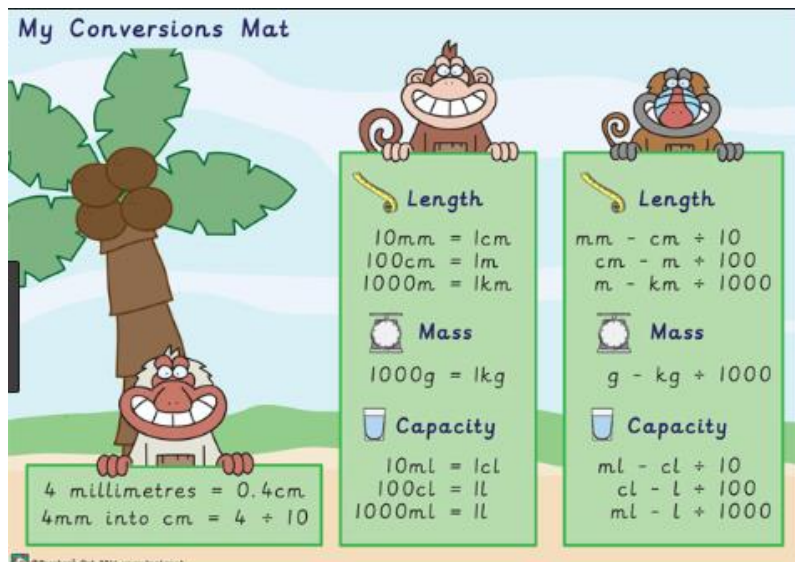
More Maths

In the Home tools/Maths, find the multiplication calculator. This allows you to practice your times tables at your speed and whichever times tables you need to be working on. Once you have clicked on the calculator there are 2 options. Only do to Assessment one when you are ready to test yourself...Good luck. Play this one every day!

Even more maths

Win it, Bin it, Work it out later!			
A) $942+100=$	b) $46+704=$	c) $764\div 1=$	d) $368-9=$
e) $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}=925+196$	f) $85\div 5=$	g) $78994+6543=$	h) $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}=635-30$
i) $92\div 4=$	j) $746\times 3=$	k) $61\times 8=$	l) $50\times 80=$
m) $100\times 713=$	n) $2.005+7.14=$	o) $477\div 3=$	p) $12.98+26.314=$
q) $225.98-72.3=$	r) $212456-12999=$	s) $4^2+10=$	t) $0.8\div 10=$
u) $6-1.15=$	v) $1440\div 12=$	w) $62\times 36=$	x) $\frac{3}{7}$
y) $\frac{1}{7} + \frac{4}{7} =$	z) $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{4} =$	aa) $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{3} =$	ab) $\frac{5}{7} \div 2 =$
ac) $20\% \times 1400=$	ad) $12\times 6.1=$	ae) $585\div 39=$	af) $15\% \text{ of } 220$
ag) $5647\times 41=$	ah) $1\frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{8} =$	ai) $1161\div 43=$	aj) $\frac{3}{5} \times 140=$
ak) $1\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{3} =$	al) $70-52$	am) $50-48\div 6$	an) $93-75\div 3=$

Maths
again



When measuring you have to be able to convert between measures like cm and m or mm to cm.

You need to design a poster to help you remember for all the conversions of measure.

ART

In our big art day we would have been looking at how to create 3D sculptures, ensuring we had a structural basis before we applied the Modroc. Paper mache works really well too. This week you could choose to make your own 3D model. Give it a rolled paper/pipe cleaner skeleton or balloon insides before you start.

You could base your model on the Jabberwocky, or a space alien, or one of the Ancient Greek monsters from your research.

Paper Mache recipe:

Mix one part flour with one part of water (eg, 1 cup flour and 1 cup water, or 1/2 cup flour and 1/2 cup water) until you get a thick glue-like consistency.

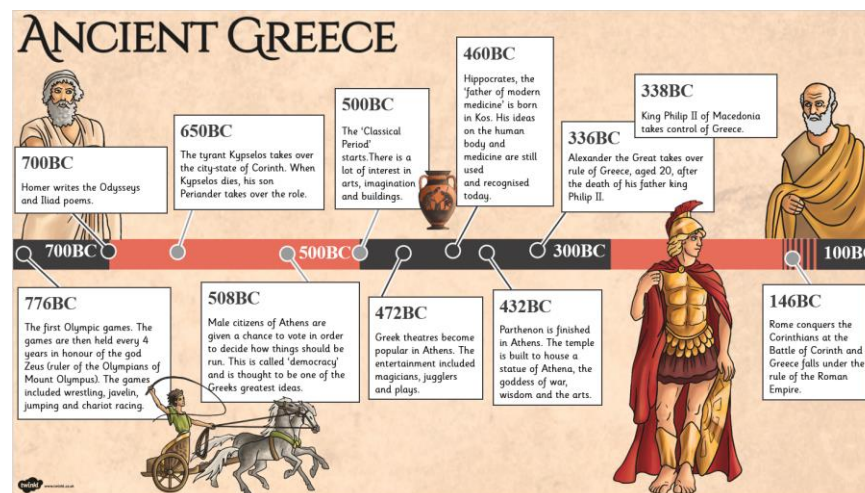
Add a bit more water if it's too thick. Mix well with a spoon to get rid of all the lumps.

Then either add the paper to the mix or use this glue to add a strip at a time to your model.

History





Ancient Greece

ANCIENT
GREECE



History

Can you order these events into your own Greek Timeline. Remember the BC stands for Before Christ, it the period of time before Jesus was born. The lower the number the nearer to zero Jesus Birth, ie 10BC was 10 years before Jesus was born, 450BC was way before that 450 years before Jesus was born. You can either print these pictures out, cut them up and make a timeline, or use the information to create you own timeline. Present it however you like as long as the events are in order.

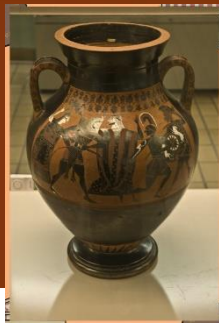
<p>146 BCE</p>  <p>Greece falls under the Roman Empire.</p>	<p>336 BCE</p>  <p>Alexander the Great takes control of Greece.</p>	<p>338 BCE</p>  <p>King Philip II takes control of Greece.</p>		
<p>432 BCE</p>  <p>The 'Classical Period' starts.</p>	<p>460 BCE</p>  <p>Male citizens of Athens are allowed to vote.</p>	<p>472 BCE</p>  <p>The tyrant Kypselos takes over Corinth.</p>		
<p>500 BCE</p>  <p>The 'Classical Period' starts.</p>	<p>508 BCE</p>  <p>Male citizens of Athens are allowed to vote.</p>	<p>650 BCE</p>  <p>The tyrant Kypselos takes over Corinth.</p>		
<p>700 BCE</p>  <p>Homer writes the poems 'The Odyssey' and 'The Iliad'.</p>	<p>776 BCE</p>  <p>First Olympic games are held.</p>	<p>146 BCE</p>  <p>Greece falls under the Roman Empire.</p>	<p>650 BCE</p>  <p>The tyrant Kypselos takes over Corinth.</p>	<p>472 BCE</p>  <p>Greek theatres become popular in Athens.</p>
<p>336 BCE</p>  <p>Alexander the Great takes control of Greece.</p>	<p>338 BCE</p>  <p>King Philip II takes control of Greece.</p>	<p>700 BCE</p>  <p>Homer writes the poems 'The Odyssey' and 'The Iliad'.</p>	<p>508 BCE</p>  <p>Male citizens of Athens are allowed to vote.</p>	<p>776 BCE</p>  <p>First Olympic games are held.</p>
<p>432 BCE</p>  <p>The Parthenon is finished in Athens.</p>	<p>460 BCE</p>  <p>Hippocrates 'Father of Medicine' is born in Kos.</p>			

History/ DT

One of the things we would be doing this term would be making our own Greek pots, The ancient Greeks loved their pottery and used it for everything.

Read the information below, Read the information about Greek pots, do some research using the information on the British Museum website do some research and create a fact file for each shape pots, you can draw and design your own version of each pot or use the images





This amphora would have been filled with wine, which was the most popular drink in Athens and could also be used in performing libations for the gods.

The warrior in the decoration is holding a special bowl called a phiale. He would have used this dish to pour wine offerings to the gods to ensure victory or his safe return from battle.



Example of fact file information Greek pot. You

Design your own will have read the information and seen the images, we know a lot about Greek life from the pots that archeologists have discovered, if your pot was discovered 2000 years from now what would the people learn about life in 2020? Favourite foods? Sports? Pasttimes? Transport? Create and design your own Greek pot based on one of these designs.



GREEK GODS

Another area of Ancient Greek life we would have been exploring is that of their beliefs; the gods and goddesses that rules their lives and played a great part in their myths. You will need to do some some reseearch based on these gods and goddesses. Make a book based on them.

Greek Gods

Hestia

Hestia was goddess of the hearth and home. She is the sister of Zeus, Poseidon, Hades, Hera and Demeter. She was a very gentle goddess and did not get involved in any conflicts. Newborn children were presented to hearths to honour Hestia and to receive her blessing.

Did You Know?

Every city had a public fire that represented Hestia that was never allowed to go out.



Greek Gods

Zeus

Zeus was the most powerful of all the gods. He was god of the sky and the king of Olympus. His temper affected the weather, and he threw thunderbolts when he was unhappy. He was married to Hera. Zeus had the power to transform his shape. He was ruler of all other gods and was seen as powerful, strong and unpredictable.

Did You Know?

Zeus' father was worried his children would betray him, so he ate his children.



Greek Gods Stories



A Story About Zeus

Zeus was the god of the sky and ruler of the gods.

He was once travelling with his son, Hermes. Both men were disguised as ordinary men. On their travels, they stopped at many different houses asking for shelter and food, but they were refused every time.

Zeus and his son came to a house belonging to a very poor, elderly couple. Baucis and her husband, Philemon, offered the visitors a meal and somewhere to rest for the night. As refreshment, the couple offered the men their only jug of wine. Later that evening, Baucis noticed that the jug had been refilled so she turned to her husband and told him that the men must be gods.

Zeus punished those who had refused them food and shelter by causing a terrible flood. All the homes in the valley were destroyed, except for the hut belonging to Baucis and Philemon. To repay their kindness, Zeus transformed their little hut into a temple, where they lived out their lives as priestess and priest. As Baucis and Philemon were such a devoted couple, Zeus agreed to ensure that they would never be parted. When they died, they turned into oak and linden trees. The branches of the trees were entwined.



A Story About Athena and Poseidon

Athena was the strong and wise daughter of Zeus. When she was born, she was dressed in armour and carried a shield and sword.

Poseidon was the god of the seas. He had a beard, long hair, drove a golden chariot and carried a trident. Athena and Poseidon were rivals.

The people of a new city wanted a god to look after them and both Athena and Poseidon wanted this important role.

To try and impress the citizens, Poseidon gave the city a gift. When he struck his trident into the ground, water gushed out. The water became a river, which flowed to the sea. Poseidon told the people to build ships so that they could sail to the sea, enabling them to travel anywhere and become prosperous and powerful people. The citizens were impressed and began to think that Poseidon would be a good protector, then Athena told them to taste the water. The people were disgusted by the taste of the saltwater and began to change their minds about Poseidon.

Next, Athena gave the people of the city her gift. She struck the ground with her spear and a tree began to grow. Athena told the citizens that it was an olive tree which had many uses. Firstly, the wood could be used for building and heating, the olives growing on the tree could be eaten and thirdly, the oil from the olives could be used when cooking. The people preferred

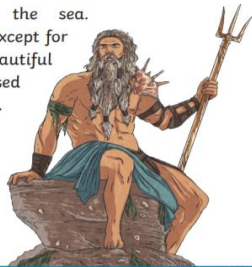
Greek Gods

Poseidon

Poseidon was the god of the sea. He was the most powerful god except for his brother, Zeus. He lived in a beautiful palace under the sea and caused earthquakes when he was angry.

Did You Know...?

Sailors would pray to Poseidon before a voyage for calm seas and safe passage.



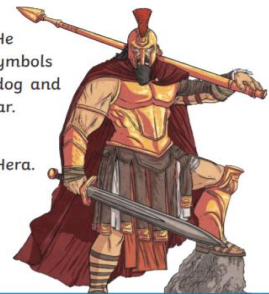
Greek Gods

Ares

Ares was the god of war. He was cruel and a coward. His symbols include the vulture and the dog and he often carried a bloody spear.

Did You Know?

Ares was the son of Zeus and Hera. His parents did not like him.



Greek Gods

Aphrodite

Aphrodite was the goddess of love and beauty, and the protector of sailors. She may have been the daughter of Zeus or she may have risen from the sea on a shell.

Did You Know...?

Aphrodite had a chariot pulled by swans to glide through the air.



Greek Gods

Hermes

Hermes was the messenger god, a trickster. He was the speediest of all and he wore winged shoes.

Did You Know?

Hermes invented boxing and gymnastics.

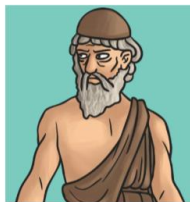


A Story About Hades

Hades, Zeus and Poseidon were brothers.

Hades ruled the world of the dead, also known as the Underworld. He had a chariot which was drawn by four black horses. Hades was responsible for making sure the dead stayed in the Underworld for all time. Rather unusually, Orpheus, who was a wonderful singer, returned from the Underworld. When his wife died, he travelled to the Underworld to get her back. Orpheus' singing enchanted Hades so much that he agreed to let him have his wife back, but on one

condition; Orpheus wasn't allowed to look at his wife as they left the Underworld. However, as they were leaving, Orpheus looked behind him to check his wife was following, meaning she had to stay in the Underworld forever.



A Story About Hephaestus

Hephaestus was Hera's son, but she wasn't a good mother to him. When he grew older, Hephaestus decided to take revenge on her, so he created a golden throne to send to his mother. Hera thought the gift was wonderful and immediately sat down. All of a sudden, unbreakable chains tied her up and she couldn't be freed. The gods realised that the only person who could free Hera was her son.

The gods asked Dionysus, the god of wine, to intoxicate Hephaestus. Having drunk plenty, Hephaestus was led to Mount Olympus to free Hera, which he did. In return, the gods gave him Aphrodite, who was to be his wife.



A Story About Artemis

Artemis was Apollo's twin sister. She was goddess of hunting and the moon. She hunted in the forests with a bow and arrow. Artemis was also smart, and a very good fighter.

The river god, Alpheus, fell in love with Artemis and chased her through the forest. Artemis covered her face in mud, as did her nymphs (female followers). Alpheus couldn't tell Artemis apart from the nymphs, so he gave up his search for her.



A Story About Hestia

Hestia was the oldest of the gods of Olympus. She was also very beautiful. The other gods had duties, but for some time, nobody knew what Hestia could be responsible for.

Apollo and Poseidon once announced to Zeus that they both loved Hestia, and that he must choose the best husband for her. Zeus didn't want the gods fighting between themselves, so he knew this had to be resolved. He didn't have to worry though, because Hestia solved the problem herself. She told both men that she would never marry. As a token of appreciation, Zeus gave Hestia a key to Olympus and put her in charge of making sure the gods had everything they needed, such as food and clothing. Zeus also made Hestia the goddess of the home and family.

Hestia wanted a quiet, happy and peaceful life, so when Zeus' half-son Dionysus went to Olympus demanding a throne, Hestia was more than happy to give hers up for him. Being the goddess of the home, she was too busy to sit down anyway!



A Story About Demeter

Erysichthon was a very arrogant, selfish and greedy man. In Thessaly, there was a huge oak tree dedicated to Demeter, the goddess of agriculture. The tree was decorated by the local people and many used it as a place to make vows to the goddess.

Erysichthon ordered that his slaves cut the tree down in order to make a banqueting table. None of his slaves felt they could do such a thing, so Erysichthon did it himself.

During the first hit, Demeter appeared to him as a priest, requesting that he stop what he was doing, but Erysichthon continued regardless. Next, Demeter appeared to him in her goddess form. She sent away the slaves and punished Erysichthon with a curse. The curse was that Erysichthon's hunger would never be satisfied.

Greek Gods

Hades

Hades was the god of the Underworld. Zeus and Poseidon were his brothers. He wore a helmet that could make him invisible.

Did You Know?

Hades had a three-headed dog called Cerberus who guarded the Underworld.



Greek Gods

Athena

Athena was the goddess of wisdom. Her symbol was an owl.

Did You Know?

Athena didn't have a mum. Instead, she was born fully grown out of Zeus' head wearing armour.



Greek Alphabet

Α	Β	Γ	Δ
Alpha	Beta	Gamma	Delta
Ε	Ζ	Η	Θ
Epsilon	Zeta	Eta	Theta
Ι	Κ	Λ	Μ
Iota	Kappa	Lambda	Mu
Ν	Ξ	Ο	Π
Nu	Xi	Omicron	Pi
Ρ	Σ	Τ	Υ
Rho	Sigma	Tau	Upsilon
Φ	Χ	Ψ	Ω
Phi	Chi	Psi	Omega

Here is a copy of the Greek alphabet .
Can you write your name using it?

Write a secret messages, set your
Family challenges and see if they can download them.
Send a photograph to school, and I will try and decode it.

What is the similarities and differences between our
alphabet and the Ancient Greek one?